

Throughout this exercise sheet  $K = \mathbb{C}$  is the field of complex numbers,  $(G, \cdot)$  is a finite group, and  $V$  a finite-dimensional  $\mathbb{C}$ -vector space. Each Exercise is worth 4 points.

**EXERCISE 13**

- (a) Prove that the degree formula can be read off from the 2nd Orthogonality Relations.
- (b) Use the degree formula to prove again that if  $G$  is a finite abelian group, then

$$\text{Irr}(G) = \{\text{linear characters of } G\}.$$

- (b) Give the character tables of the Klein-four group  $C_2 \times C_2$  and of  $C_2 \times C_2 \times C_2$ .

**EXERCISE 14**

Let  $G$  be a finite group. Set  $X := X(G)$  and

$$C := \begin{bmatrix} |C_G(g_1)| & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & |C_G(g_2)| & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & 0 & |C_G(g_r)| \end{bmatrix} \in M_r(\mathbb{C}).$$

Use the orbit-stabiliser theorem in order to prove that the 1st Orthogonality Relations can be rewritten under the form

$$XC^{-1}\overline{X}^{\text{Tr}} = I_r$$

where  $\overline{X}^{\text{Tr}}$  denotes the transpose of the complex-conjugate  $\overline{X}$  of the character table  $X$  of  $G$ . Deduce that the character table is invertible.

**EXERCISE 15**

Let  $G$  and  $H$  be two finite groups. Prove that:

- (a) if  $\lambda, \chi \in \text{Irr}(G)$  and  $\lambda(1) = 1$ , then  $\lambda \cdot \chi \in \text{Irr}(G)$ ;
- (b) the set  $\{\chi \in \text{Irr}(G) \mid \chi(1) = 1\}$  of linear characters of a finite group  $G$  forms a group for the product of characters;
- (c)  $\text{Irr}(G \times H) = \{\chi \cdot \psi \mid \chi \in \text{Irr}(G), \psi \in \text{Irr}(H)\}$ .

[Hint: Use Corollary 9.8(d) and the degree formula.]

**EXERCISE 16**

Let  $N \trianglelefteq G$  and let  $\rho : G/N \rightarrow GL(V)$  be a  $\mathbb{C}$ -representation of  $G/N$  with character  $\chi$ .

- (a) Prove that if  $\rho$  is irreducible, then so is  $\text{Inf}_{G/N}^G(\rho)$ .
- (b) Compute the kernel of  $\text{Inf}_{G/N}^G(\rho)$  provided that  $\rho$  is faithful.